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Palo Alto Sweet Gum

Liquidambar styraciflua 'Palo Alto'

Height: 40 feet

Spread: 30 feet

Sunlight: 

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Other Names: American Sweet Gum, Sweetgum

Description:

A compact pyramidal tree with interestingly shaped leaves that turn orange and bright red in fall; somewhat particular about growing conditions; fruit is spiny and can be somewhat messy, use where this will not be a problem

Ornamental Features

Palo Alto Sweet Gum has forest green deciduous foliage on a tree with a pyramidal habit of growth. The lobed palmate leaves turn an outstanding red in the fall. However, the fruit can be messy in the landscape and may require occasional clean-up.

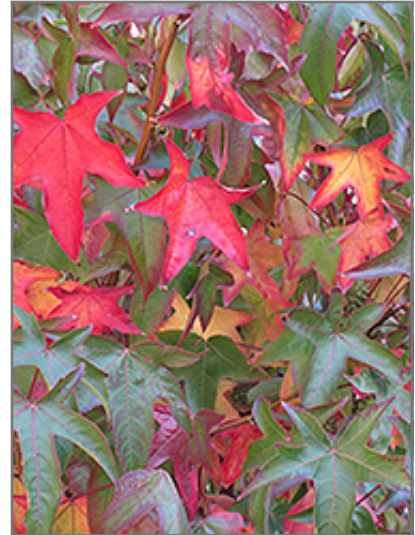
Landscape Attributes

Palo Alto Sweet Gum is a deciduous tree with a strong central leader and a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance tree that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Messy

Palo Alto Sweet Gum is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Palo Alto Sweet Gum in fall
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Palo Alto Sweet Gum in fall
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



- Accent
- Shade
- Vertical Accent

Planting & Growing

Palo Alto Sweet Gum will grow to be about 40 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 30 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This tree should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selection of a native North American species.