



Little Peach Bitterroot

Lewisia 'Little Peach'

Plant Height: 4 inches

Flower Height: 8 inches

Spread: 8 inches

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Description:

Low growing and compact with beautiful peach blooms through early summer, repeating in the fall; a great perennial for the front of a border or rock garden planting

Ornamental Features

Little Peach Bitterroot has peach star-shaped flowers with yellow centers at the ends of the stems in late spring, which are interesting on close inspection. Its attractive succulent narrow leaves emerge light green in spring, turning forest green in color the rest of the year. The fruit is not ornamentally significant.

Landscape Attributes

Little Peach Bitterroot is an herbaceous evergreen perennial with a mounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a high maintenance plant that will require regular care and upkeep, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Little Peach Bitterroot is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Little Peach Bitterroot will grow to be only 4 inches tall at maturity extending to 8 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 8 inches. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 5 years.



Little Peach Bitterroot flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It requires an extremely dry, well-drained growing location, and will usually die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in both summer and winter to conserve soil moisture and protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.