

Petite Salmon Oleander Nerium oleander 'Petite Salmon'

Height: 4 feet Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight: O 0

Hardiness Zone: 8a

Other Names: Rose Bay

Description:

A smaller variety with a long blooming season; produces volumes of soft salmon flowers from spring until fall; often used as a patio plant; pruning required to maintain strong structure; parts of this plant are known to be toxic



Petite Salmon Oleander flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Features & Attributes

Petite Salmon Oleander features showy clusters of salmon star-shaped flowers with gold eyes at the ends of the branches from late spring to early fall. Its narrow leaves remain green in color throughout the year.

This is a multi-stemmed evergreen houseplant with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other indoor plants with less refined foliage. This plant can be pruned at any time to keep it looking its best.

Planting & Growing

When grown indoors, Petite Salmon Oleander can be expected to grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years. This houseplant will do well in a location that gets either direct or indirect sunlight, although it will usually require a more brightly-lit environment than what artificial indoor lighting alone can provide. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist soil, and should do just fine under average home conditions. The surface of the soil shouldn't be allowed to dry out completely, and so you should expect to water this plant once and possibly even twice each week. Be aware that your particular watering schedule may vary depending on its location in the room, the pot size, plant size and other conditions; if in doubt, ask one of our experts in the store for advice. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in poor soil. Contact the store for specific recommendations on pre-mixed potting soil for this plant. Be warned that parts of this plant are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so special care should be exercised if growing it around children and pets.



There are many factors that will affect the ultimate height, spread and overall performance of a plant when grown indoors; among them, the size of the pot it's growing in, the amount of light it receives, watering frequency, the pruning regimen and repotting schedule. Use the information described here as a guideline only; individual performance can and will vary. Please contact the store to speak with one of our experts if you are interested in further details concerning recommendations on pot size, watering, pruning, repotting, etc.